

## **Tipping Bucket Maintenance**



When rain accumulation measurement with large bias is recorder (see example report below), the tipping bucket maintenance would need to be performed

Current Report Date: 09/27/2023 Report generated 09/27/2023 @ 10:00:06 Local (09/27/2023 @ 14:00:06 UTC)											
GaugeID	Site Name	Packets	Mean Voltage	Mean RSSI	# Tips_A	# Tips_B	Accum_A [in]	Accum_B [in]	Bias [%]	Accum_A [mm]	Accum_B [mm]
PIERS0039	NPOL Radar	56/96	12.89	-93.32	1	27	0.01	0.27	-2600.00	25	6.86

- Upon arriving at the instrument site, check area and remove debris
- Mow, weed wack and kill grass and weeds around the instrument
- Remove and clean the upper and lower debris screens
- Remove the sensor housing assembly and thoroughly clean the collection funnel
- · Carefully clean both sides of the tipping bucket assembly
- Clean the lower drain screen in the base of the sensor
- Verify the bucket moves freely. Perform 10 test tips and confirm the readings on <a href="https://wallops-prf.gsfc.nasa.gov/Gauge/index.php">https://wallops-prf.gsfc.nasa.gov/Gauge/index.php</a>











# **Tipping Bucket Calibration Procedure**



#### Calibration should be performed on a one-year cycle (unless damage to the gauge is discovered)

- 1. Clean gauge and remove any obstruction, inside and out. Examine tipping bucket for free movement
- 2. Carefully fill the test container with 180mL of water
- 3. Slowly but steadily pour the water into the gauge and count the number of tips
- 4. If tips exceed 11 the tipping bucket is "Light", if less than 9 the tipping bucket is "Heavy"
- 5. Adjust the nylon crown nut on the bucket post as follows:
  - If the tipping bucket is "Light" twist the nylon nut clockwise or down one turn. Repeat steps 2 4.
  - If the tipping bucket is "Heavy" twist the nut counterclockwise or up. Repeat steps 2 4.









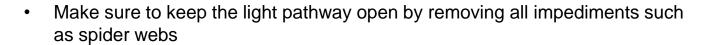
### **Parsivel Disdrometer Maintenance**





- Inlet and outlet openings in the sensor heads are covered with glass screens
- Depending on the time of the year and location, air pollution can lead to contamination of the glass screens
- The second value in output string provides reference concerning the current state of the optics:
  - **0** = Everything is OK
  - 1 = Screens are dirty, but measurements are still possible
  - 2 = Screens are dirty, partially covered. No usable measurements are possible
  - **3** = Laser damaged

20230926000005;PIERS0038	0	21	0	0	-9.99	20000	0
20230926000015;PIERS0038	0	21	0	0	-9.99	20000	0
20230926000025;PIERS0038	0	21	0	0	-9.99	20000	0







### **Parsivel Disdrometer Maintenance**

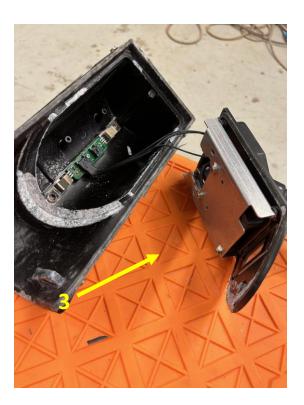


In case of the internal contamination of the glass screen, the sensor head enclosure would need to be taken apart to get access to the glass screen from inside

**Step 1**. Remove the access panel located on the bottom of sensor heads. Remove the top part of the sensor head enclosure by loosening two socket head screws (1 and 2)



**Step 2**. Clean the glass screen (3) on the sensor heads from inside with a soft cloth.



**Step 3**. Assemble the sensor heads back together and make sure the status value of the optics is back to zero.

